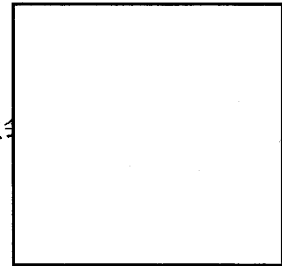


原規規発第 2006231 号

令和 2 年 6 月 23 日

国立大学法人 京都大学  
学長 山極 壽一 殿

原子力規制委員会

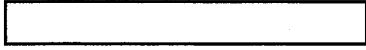


核燃料輸送物設計承認英文証明書について

核燃料物質等の工場又は事業所の外における運搬に係る核燃料輸送物設計承認及び容器承認等に関する申請手続ガイド（令和 2 年 2 月 26 日付け原規規発第 2002264 号）2.4. に基づき、令和 2 年 6 月 8 日付け 20 京大施環化第 22 号をもって申請のあった標記の件について、添付のとおり証明します。



IDENTIFICATION MARK



COMPETENT AUTHORITY  
OF  
JAPAN

CERTIFICATE FOR APPROVAL OF  
PACKAGE DESIGN  
FOR THE TRANSPORT OF  
RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS

ISSUED BY

NUCLEAR REGULATION AUTHORITY  
1-9-9, ROPPOGI MINATO-KU  
TOKYO, JAPAN

CERTIFICATE FOR APPROVAL OF PACKAGE DESIGN  
FOR THE TRANSPORT OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS

This is to certify, in response to the application by KYOTO UNIVERSITY, that the package design described herein complies with the design requirements for a package containing fresh fuel elements and low irradiated fuel elements in research reactors, specified in the 2012 Edition of the Regulations for the Safe Transport of Radioactive Material (International Atomic Energy Agency, Safety Standards Series No.SSR-6) and the Japanese rules based on the Act on Regulation of Nuclear Source Material, Nuclear Fuel Material and Reactors.

This certificate does not relieve the consignor from compliance with any requirement of the government of any country through or into which the package will be transported.

COMPETENT AUTHORITY

IDENTIFICATION MARK:

Date

Jun. 23. 2020.

Hasegawa Kiyomitsu

Director, Division of Licensing for  
Nuclear Fuel Facilities

Secretariat of Nuclear Regulation Authority  
Competent Authority of JAPAN  
for Package Design Approval

- 1. The Competent Authority Identification Mark :
- 2. Name of Package :
- 3. Type of Package : Type B(U) package for fissile material

4. Specification of Package

(1) Materials of Packaging

(a) Main Body : Stainless steel,

(b) Outer lid : Stainless steel,

(c) Inner lid : Stainless steel

(d) Fuel Basket : Stainless steel

(2) Total weight of Packaging :

(3) Outer Dimensions of Packaging

(i) Outer Diameter :

(ii) Length :

(4) Total Weight of Package :

(5) Illustration of Package : See the attached Figure-1  
(Bird's-eye View)

5. Specification of Radioactive Contents : See the attached Table-1, 2, 3 and 4

6. Description of Containment System

Containment system consists of the inner shell and the inner lid (made of the stainless steel). O-ring made of  is used for the contact surface between inner shell and inner lid.

7. For Package containing Fissile Materials

(1) Restrictions on Package

(i) Restriction Number "N" :

(ii) Array of Package :

(iii) Criticality Safety Index (CSI) :

(2) Description of Confinement System

Confinement system consists of the basket which maintains the fuel elements contained in the package.

(3) Assumptions of Leakage of Water into Package

It is assumed in criticality analysis that water will leak into void space of inner shell.

(4) Special Features in Criticality Assessment

Not applicable

8. For Type B (M) Packages, a statement regarding prescriptions of Type B (U) Package that do not apply to this Package

Not applicable (This package is Type B(U))

9. Assumed Ambient Conditions

- (i) Ambient Temperature Range : -40°C~38°C
- (ii) Insolation Data : Table 12 of IAEA Regulation

10. Handling, Inspection and Maintenance

(1) Handling Instructions

- (i) Package should be handled carefully in accordance with the schedule and procedures established properly taking all possible safety measures.
- (ii) Package should be handled using appropriate lifting devices and the crane.
- (iii) When packaging is stored outdoors, it should be covered with an appropriate waterproof sheet, avoiding the situation where it is placed directly on the ground.

(2) Inspections and Maintenance of Packaging

The following inspections should be performed not less than once a year (once for every ten times in a case where the packaging is used not less than ten times a year) and defect of packaging should be repaired, if any, in order to maintain the integrity of packaging.

- (i) Visual Appearance Inspection
- (ii) Pressure Durability Inspection
- (iii) Maintenance of O-ring Used for Containment System
- (iv) Leakage Rate Measurement Inspection
- (v) Subcriticality Inspection
- (vi) Lifting Inspection

(3) Actions prior to Shipment

The following inspections should be performed prior to shipment.

- (i) Visual Appearance Inspection

Reference of

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- (ii) Lifting Inspection
- (iii) Weight Measurement Inspection
- (iv) Surface Contamination Measurement Inspection
- (v) Radiation Dose rate Inspection
- (vi) Subcriticality Inspection
- (vii) Contents Specification Check Inspection
- (viii) Leakage Rate Measurement Inspection

**(4) Precautions for Loading of Package for Shipment**

Package should be securely loaded to the conveyance at the designated tie-down portion of the package so as not to move, roll down or fall down from the loading position during transport.

**11. Issue Date and Expiry Date**

- (i) Issue Date :
- (ii) Expiry Date :

Reference of

[Redacted]

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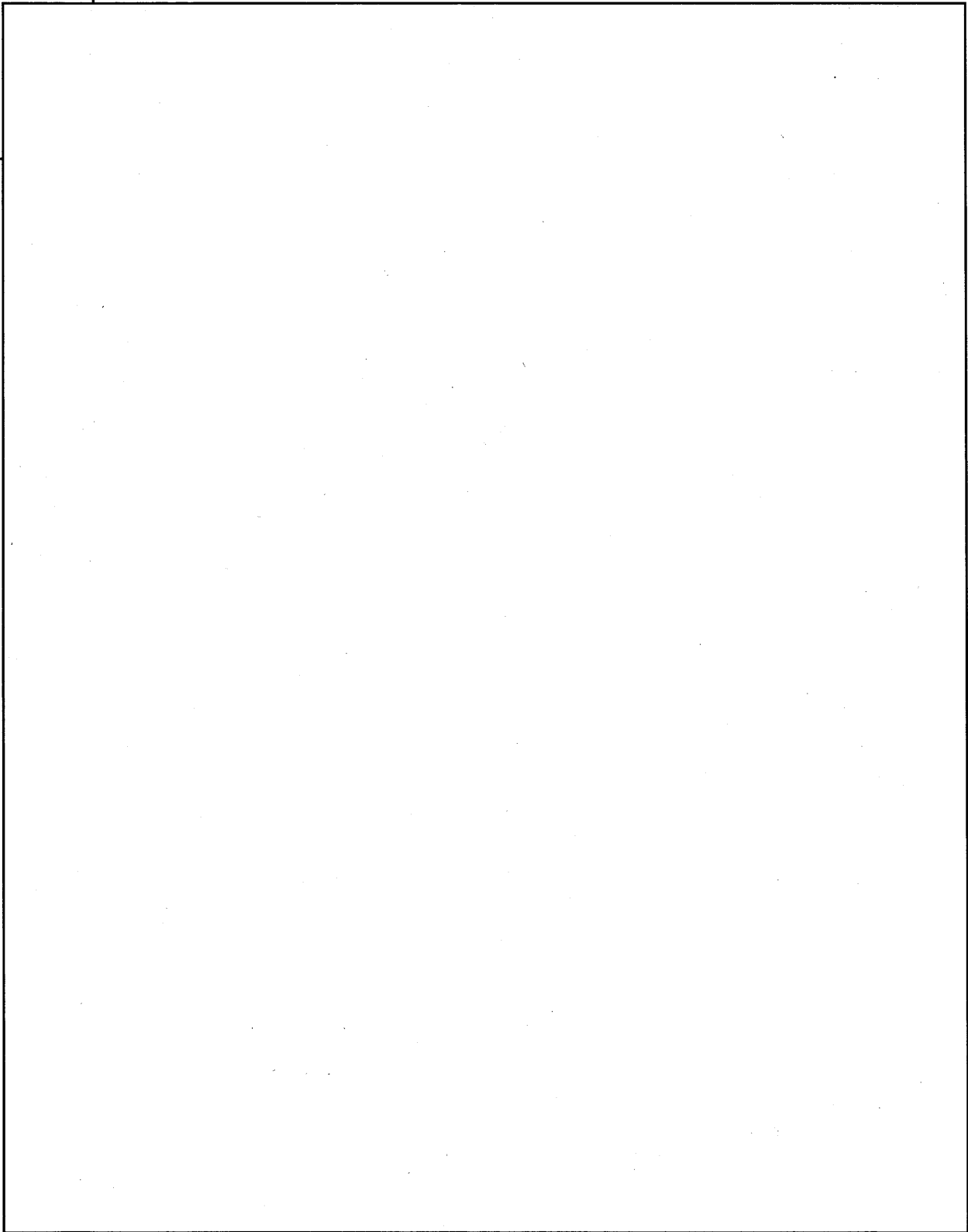


Figure-1 Illustration of [Redacted] package (Bird's-eye view)

Table-1 Specification of Contents (Fresh Fuel Element)

Reactor		KUR (Kyoto University Research reactor)		
		KUR Standard Fuel Element	KUR Special Fuel Element	KUR Half-loaded Fuel Element
Fuel Element				
Number of Fuel Elements (element/package)				
Fuel Type				
Materials of Nuclear Fuel				
Weight	<sup>235</sup> U weight (g or less/package)			
	U weight (g or less/package)			
	<sup>235</sup> U weight (g or less/element)			
	U weight (g or less/element)			
Enrichment (wt% or less)				
Activity of Contents	Total (GBq or less/package)			
	Principal Radionuclide (GBq or less/package)			
Physical State				
Burn-up (% or less)				
Total Heat Generation Rate (W or less/package)				
Cooling Time (days)				

-Loading a transport package with different types of nuclear fuel material is allowed for each reactor only when all the fuel elements contained are the same type having the same enrichment level. For the nuclear fuel material from JMTRC, however, mixed loading of fuel elements of different types and different enrichment levels is allowed.

- The values of weight and heat generation are calculated proportionally from the maximum weight and heat generation for each type of fuel element according to the number of assemblies contained.



Table-2 Specification of Contents (Fresh Fuel Element)

Reactor	JRR-3		JRR-4			JMTR	
	JRR-3 standard fuel element	JRR-3 follower type fuel element	JRR-4B type fuel element	JRR-4L type fuel element	JRR-4 type fuel element	JMTR standard fuel element	JMTR fuel followers
Fuel Element							
Number of Fuel Elements (element/package)							
Fuel Type							
Materials of Nuclear Fuel							
Weight	<sup>235</sup> U weight (g or less/package)						
	U weight (g or less/package)						
	<sup>235</sup> U weight (g or less/element)						
	U weight (g or less/element)						
Enrichment (wt% or less)	Total (GBq or ess/package)						
	Principal Radionuclide (GBq or less/package)						
Physical State	Burn-up (% or less)						
	Total Heat Generation Rate (W or less/package)						
Cooling Time (days)							

-Loading a transport package with different types of nuclear fuel material is allowed for each reactor only when all the fuel elements contained are the same type having the same enrichment level. For the nuclear fuel material from JMTRC, however, mixed loading of fuel elements of different types and different enrichment levels is allowed.

- The values of weight and heat generation are calculated proportionally from the maximum weight and heat generation for each type of fuel element according to the number of assemblies contained.

Table-3 Specification of Contents (Low Irradiated Fuel Element)

Reactor	JMTRC						
	JMTRC Standard	JMTRC Special	JMTRC Follower	JMTRC Standard	JMTRC Special	JMTRC Follower	
Fuel Element							
Number of Fuel Elements (element/package)							
Fuel Type							
Materials of Nuclear Fuel							
Weight							<sup>235</sup> U weight (g or less/package)
							U weight (g or less/package)
							<sup>235</sup> U weight (g or less/element)
							U weight (g or less/element)
Enrichment (wt% or less)							
Activity of Contents							Total (GBq or ess/package)
							Principal Radionuclide (GBq or less/package)
Physical State							
Burn-up (% or less)							
Total Heat Generation Rate (W or less/package)							
Cooling Time (days)							

-Loading a transport package with different types of nuclear fuel material is allowed for each reactor only when all the fuel elements contained are the same type having the same enrichment level. For the nuclear fuel material from JMTRC, however, mixed loading of fuel elements of different types and different enrichment levels is allowed.

- The values of weight and heat generation are calculated proportionally from the maximum weight and heat generation for each type of fuel element according to the number of assemblies contained.

Table-4 Specification of Contents (Fresh Fuel Element)

Reactor		KUCA (Kyoto University Critical Assembly)
Fuel Element		
Number of Fuel Elements (element/package)		
Fuel Type		
Materials of Nuclear Fuel		
Weight	<sup>235</sup> U weight (g or less/package)	
	U weight (g or less/package)	
	<sup>235</sup> U weight (g or less/element)	
	U weight (g or less/element)	
Enrichment (wt% or less)		
Activity of Contents	Total (GBq or less/package)	
	Principal Radionuclide (GBq or less/package)	
Physical State		
Burn-up (% or less)		
Total Heat Generation Rate (W or less/package)		
Cooling Time (days)		

-Loading a transport package with different types of nuclear fuel material is allowed for each reactor only when all the fuel elements contained are the same type having the same enrichment level. For the nuclear fuel material from JMTRC, however, mixed loading of fuel elements of different types and different enrichment levels is allowed.

- The values of weight and heat generation are calculated proportionally from the maximum weight and heat generation for each type of fuel element according to the number of assemblies contained.